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# Temperature Distribution in the Ems near Dörpen for Cooling Water Discharge

**Client:** EnBW Kraftwerke AG, Stuttgart und BWK FMB Energie AG, Bern

**Location:** Dörpen, Ems

**Construction:** Cooling Water Discharge of a Power Plant

**Scope of Work:** Simulation of the temperature distribution for the unsteady case NNQ

**Method:** 2D heat-transport-model (unsteady) with tidal dynamics and variable Weir control, ADCP-measurements

## INTRODUCTION

For the study on the spreading of cooling water in the Ems during low water phases (LLQ in summer) we setup a hydrodynamic 2D model and an associated 2D transport model (Fig. 1) between weir Bollingerfähr and weir Herbrum (Abb. 2).



Figure 1: Reach Dörpen (Ems)



Figure 2: Weir Herbrum

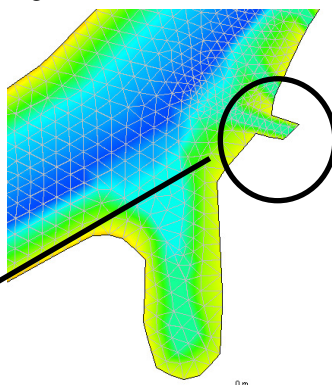


Figure 3: discharge point at the right sided riverbank

## METHODOLOGY

At two different days measurements of water velocities (ADCP) and levels were taken for the calibration of this model.

For the unsteady simulation of a critical low water phase (LLQ) a critical state for discharge was localized in summer 1947 (Fig. 4).

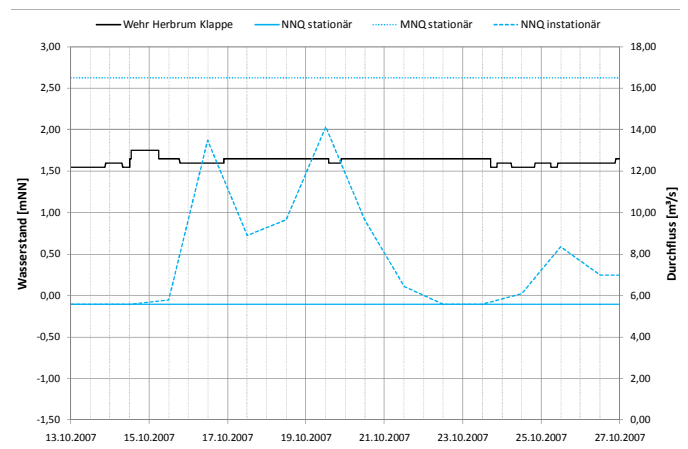


Figure 4: Situation of critical discharge in the Ems

## CONCLUSIONS

These simulations showed, that even these extreme discharge situations abide by the limits and requirements of the fish waters quality regulations of Lower Saxony (Fig. 5).

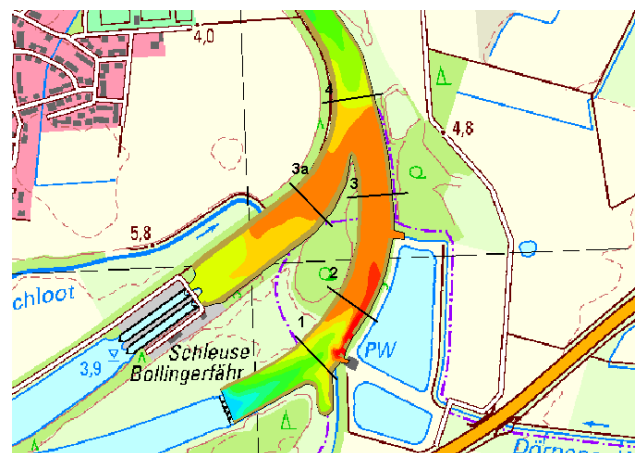


Figure 5: Distribution of temperature at the construction site in the Ems while LLQ

For this situation the discharge is completely distributed after approximately 350 m.